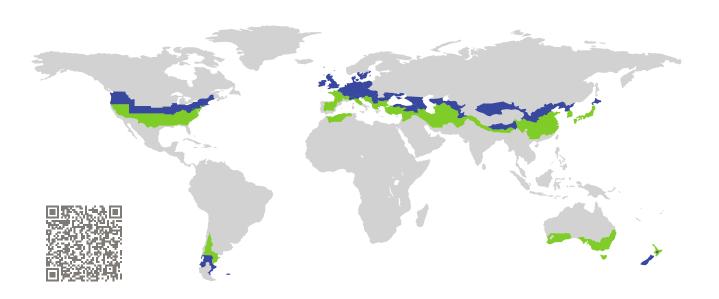
CERTIFICATE

Certified Passive House Component

Component-ID 0724cw03 valid until 31st December 2024

Passive House Institute Dr. Wolfgang Feist 64283 Darmstadt Germany



Category: Curtain Wall

Manufacturer: Kawneer,

Harderwijk, Netherlands

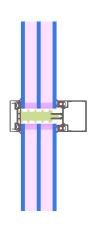
Product name: AA 100 HI+

This certificate was awarded based on the following criteria for the cool, temperate climate zone

Comfort $U_{CW} = 0.79 \leq 0.80 \,\text{W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$

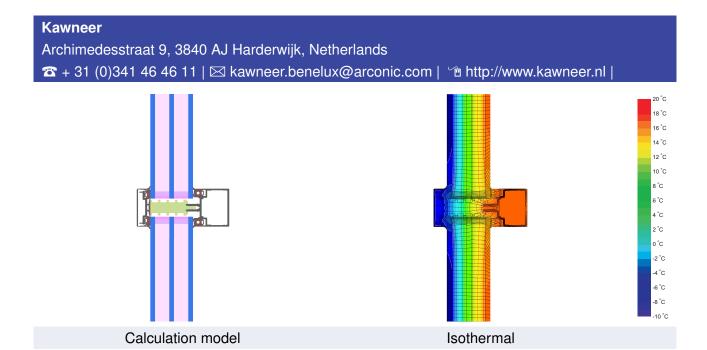
 $U_{CW, \text{installed}} \leq 0.85 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$ with $U_g = 0.70 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$

Hygiene $f_{Rsi=0.25}$ \geq 0.70





Passive House Institute



Description

Aluminium mullion and transom facade, cover- and pressure- strip of aluminium. PE-insulator (λ = 0.038 W/(mK) inside of the rebate. The losses by the screws habe been determined by measurement, the losses caused by the glass carrier by 3D-simulation (PHI). Used Pane: 54 mm (6/18/6/18/6), intersection of the Glass: 14 mm. Used spacer: Swissspacer V. The glazing was calculated with a 3 mm secondary seal. As it is often the case that this is thicker, today the calculation is carried out with a 6 mm secondary seal. This leads to a higher glazing edge thermal bridge, which can also be estimated by way of the spacer certificates: www.passivhauskomponenten.org / glazing edge bonds. The higher rates of heat loss can be compensated for by using e. g. improved glazing.

Explanation

The element U-values were calculated for the test element size of 1.20 m \times 2.50 m with $U_g = 0.70 \, \text{W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$. If a higher quality glazing is used, the element U-values will improve as follows:

Glazing	$U_g =$	0.70	0.64	0.53	0.48	$W/(m^2 \cdot K)$
		\downarrow	\downarrow	↓	\downarrow	
Element	U_{CW}	0.79	0.73	0.63	0.58	$W/(m^2 \cdot K)$

Transparent building components are sorted into efficiency classes depending on the heat losses through the opaque part. The frame U-Values, frame widths, thermal bridges at the glazing edge and the glazing edge lengths are included in these heat losses. A more detailed report of the calculations performed in the context of certification is available from the manufacturer.

The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones. In principle, components that have been certified for climate zones with higher thermal requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. In a particular climate zone it may make sense to use a component of a higher thermal quality which has been certified for a climate zone with more stringent requirements.

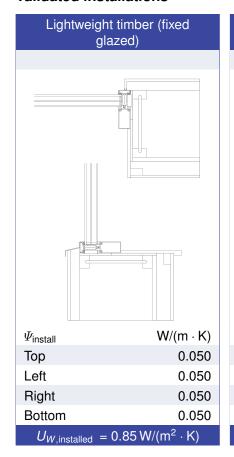
Further information relating to certification can be found on www.passivehouse.com and passipedia.org.

2/4 AA 100 HI+

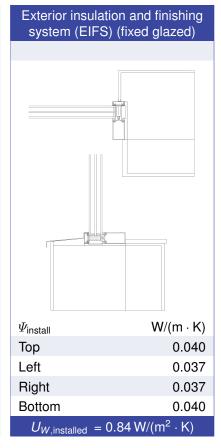
Frame valu	es		Frame width <i>b_f</i> mm	U -value frame U_f^{-1} W/(m ² · K)	Ψ -glazing edge Ψ_g W/(m \cdot K)	Temp. Factor f _{Rsi=0.25} [-]
Mullion fixed	(0M1)	-	50	0.82	0.032	0.81
Transom fixed	(0T1)	•	50	0.82	0.032	0.81
Bottom fixed	(FB1)	1	50	0.82	0.032	0.81
Top fixed	(FH1)	T	50	0.82	0.032	0.81
Lateral fixed	(FJ1)	-	50	0.82	0.032	0.81
		Spacer:	SWISSPACER V	Seconda		

Thermal glass carrier bridge 2 $\chi_{GT} = 0.003 \, W/K$

Validated installations







¹Includes $\Delta U = 0.15 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$. Determined through measurement

²Determined through 3D FEM simulation . Glass carrier type : Non-Metallic Glass Carrier with Screws

